CHANDLER)

POWER BUTTON SEWER

Component Parts Catalog

FOREWORD

As an added service to its customers, the Chandler Machine Company has prepared this catalog for the convenience and benefit of the men who operate and service this machine.

The catalog consists of a series of exploded views of all component parts and assemblies with their complete part numbers for use in parts reordering. Included also are illustrations of important adjustments and timing information.

Any comment or suggestions favorable to the improvement of the contents of this booklet will be sincerely appreciated.

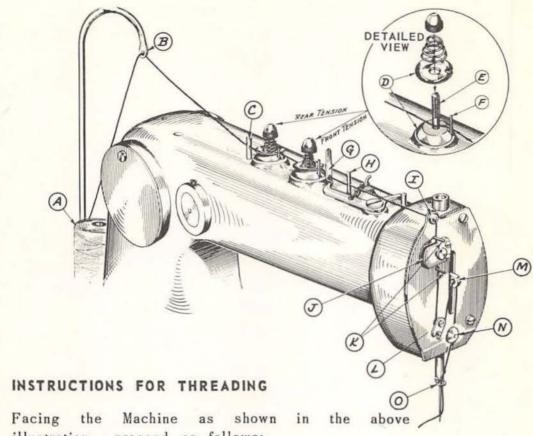
CHANDLER MACHINE CO.
Ayer, Mass.

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THREADING DIAGRAM



illustration, proceed as follows: 1 From Spool A, pass thread thru Spool Stand Arm B.

- 2 Then forward thru Rear Guide Pin C.
- 3 Slide thread between Rear Tension Disc D on the left hand side of Tension Post E, then to the right hand side of Pin F as above in detailed view.
- 4 Repeat step number 3 for Front Tension.
- 5 Pass thread forward thru hole in Thread Slack Pull-off Lever G, Front Guide Pin H and Thread Guide I in top of Face Plate.
- 6 Slide thread into slot J and down to the right of Pin K.
- 7 Pass down and around Roller in Lower Guide Plate L.
- 8 Insert thru Needle Bar Take-up M (left to right).
- 9 Thread under Tension Disc Face Plate N.
- 10 Catch thread in Needle Bar Thread Guide O and pass it thru the eye of the Needle from front to back. (For all models having Needle Bar Thread Guide)

TIMING LOOPER TO NEEDLE BAR

usual procedure for timing the Looper Needle Bar, is first to time the Loopand then set the (B) height of the Needle point the of Looper. This complished as follows: new length of full Needle Bar hole and tighten Screw A (Fig.1) preliminary a setting, make sure the point of the Needle is approximately in line with the center of the Looper Shaft when the Needle Bar is at the lowest depth stroke.

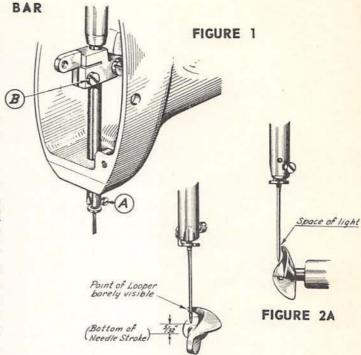


FIGURE 2

Adjustment is made by means of Screw B (Figure 1).

- 3 Turn the machine by hand, rotating the Looper counterclockwise, thus raising the Needle 5/32 of an inch from the bottom of its stroke as shown in Figure 2.
 - At this time, the point of the Looper should be barely visible on the left side of the Needle as shown in Figure 2. To adjust, loosen Screws C (Figure 3) and rotate Knurled Looper Holder desired amount in either direction. Tighten Screws C securely.
- 4 There should be a space of light barely visible between the point of the Looper and the Needle as shown in Figure 2A. Adjust for proper clearance by loosening Screw D (Figure 3) and moving the Looper in or out the desired amount.
- 5 As a final setting, now that the Looper is properly timed in relation to the lift (or up stroke), the Needle Bar can be readjusted (as described in preceding item 2) so that the point of the looper when passing the Needle is approximately 1/32 of an inch above the Needle Eye.

This final setting may have to be varied slightly depending upon the weight and softness of the thread or material being used.

The break of the loop (or loop formation) at the Needle Eye may vary according to the thread used. This will possibly require setting the point of the Looper closer or further from the eye of the Needle but within a range of approximately 1/32 of an inch.

TIMING THE FINGER

Lateral Setting - (Controlled by Barrel Cam I, Figure 3)

1 When the Finger has reached its most forward lateral position, the point of the Finger should extend approximately 1/32" beyond the front edge of the slot in the Throat Plate as shown below in Figure 3A.

To adjust, loosen Screw EA (Figure 3) and move Shaft F forward or backward the desired amount. (In moving Shaft F forward, make sure that Eccentric Finger G does not bind against shoulder of Eccentric J, otherwise Finger G will have to be moved back the same amount Shaft F is moved forward.)

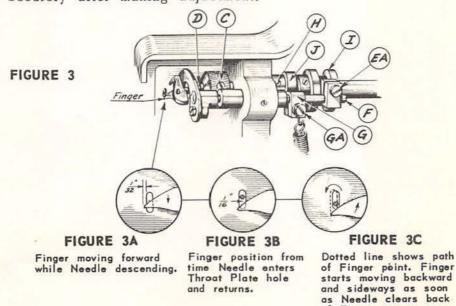
Radial Setting - (Controlled by Eccentric J, Figure 3)

2 When the Needle is at the very bottom of its stroke there should be approximately 1/16" clearance between the Needle and the back edge of the Finger as shown in Figure 3B.

Tc adjust, loosen Clamp Screw GA (Figure 3) and move the Finger into correct position, and tighten Clamp Screw GA securely.

Turning the machine slowly in the direction of normal operation, observe carefully that at the instant the point of the Needle has cleared the Finger, the Finger must start its counterclockwise movement. The Finger should move backwards and sideways at the same time. Dotted line in Figure 3C shows approximate path of Finger point. Barrel Cam I must be adjusted to pull Finger sideways at the same time that Eccentric J moves Finger backward.

To adjust, loosen 3 Set Screws H (Figure 3) and retard or advance Finger Eccentric on Shaft the desired amount. Retighten Screws securely after making adjustment.



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of Finger.

THREAD LOCK TIMING ADJUSTMENT

When the Needle Bar has ascended to within 1/8 or 5/32 inch from highest point of the Needle of the Bar stroke completion on of the last stroke of the sewing cycle, the thread should be locked by the forward pressure of Plunger A against Plate B (Figure 1A).

The Thread should be locked when the machine stops, otherwise the thread will not break when the Clamp is lifted.

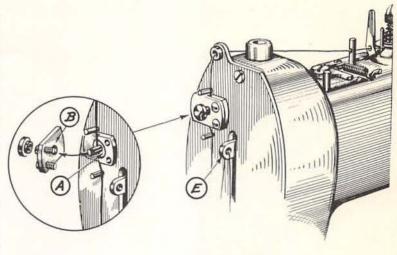
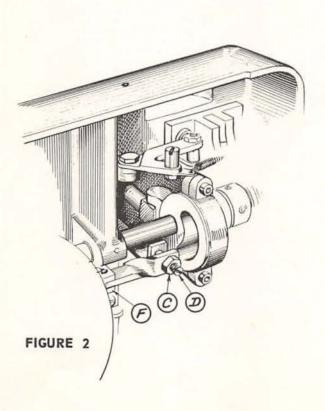


FIGURE 1A

FIGURE 1

Caution: Excessive pressure of the Plunger on light or weak thread will have a tendency to fracture the thread causing excessive thread breakage.

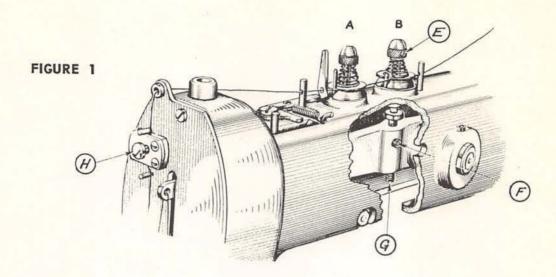
To adjust, loosen Lock Nut C (Figure 2) and turn Adjusting Screw D in or out the desired amount. Be sure to tighten Lock Nut C securely.



Note: Machines are usually equipped with light Lock Spring for use on light thread. For heavy threads use heavier Lock Spring (See Plate 1).

On resuming the first stroke of the new sewing cycle, the Thread Lock must release the thread some time before the Needle Bar reaches the lowest point of the stroke so that the thread is not held tight when the Take-up E (Figure 1) above starts its return upward stroke.

Bracket F (Figure 12) is provided with slots so that the Trip Lock Lever may be retarded or advanced for proper timing.



TIMING OF TOP INTERMITTENT TENSION

On the top of the machine there are two thread tension adjustments...Rear Tension B and Front Tension A (See Figure 1). Rear Tension B is an intermittent thread locking tension which locks the thread prior to the end of each stitch. This prevents the Looper from stealing thread from Spool instead of pulling up the loop at the end of each stitch. The amount of tension for locking the thread is factory set reasonably tight by means of Set Screw E (Figure 1) therefore, do not disturb or attempt to utilize Rear Tension B for adjusting the normal tension explained below. However, the time at which the thread is locked by Tension B may be adjusted as follows:

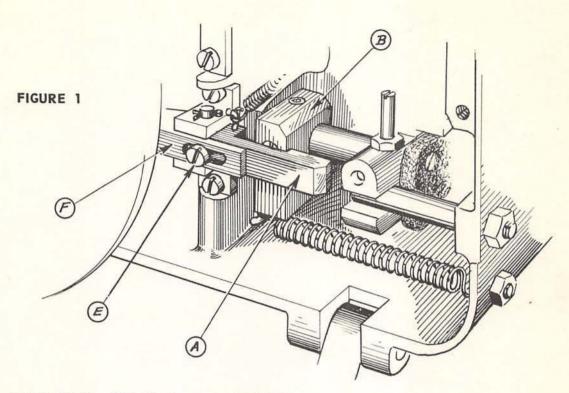
Loosen Set Screw F (Figure 1) and turn Adjusting Screw G up or down until Tension B locks the thread when the Needle Bar has ascended to within 5/32 of an inch from the top of the Needle Bar stroke on light thread but 1/8 of an inch or less on heavy thread.

To prevent thread breakage or extremely light thread, the Intermittent Tension should release the thread when the Needle Bar is at least 5/32 of an inch from the top of its stroke.

ADJUSTMENT OF NORMAL THREAD TENSION

Tightness of the stitch is regulated by Front Tension A. If the Tension Adjustment is too tight the Looper will snap the thread, if too loose the knots on the under side of the button will be loose. Adjustment is made as follows:

Turn handwheel at the end of the Mainshaft until Rear Tension B is in "UP" position. Lower the Button Clamp so the Thread Lock H on the Face Plate is open (center plunger is released). Pull the thread at the Needle to be sure it pulls thru with slight tension. If tension is too tight or too loose, turn Tension A up or down until proper tension is achieved.

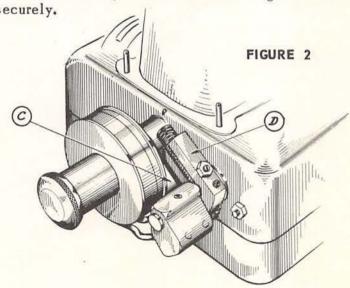


STOP KICK-OFF FINGER MECHANISM

On completion of the Button Sewing Cycle, Latch A should release Block B (Figure 1) just as Stop Finger C (Figure 2) has cleared Bumper Spring Holder D. The illustration shows an earlier model but the same in structions will apply to all models.

To advance moment of release, loosen Screw E (Figure 1) and move Kick-off Finger F to the left.

To retard moment of release, move Kick-off Finger F to the right. Tighten Screw E securely.



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AUTOMATIC CLAMP LIFTER MECHANISM

Automatic Operation

To set the automatic clamp lifter mechanism in the automatic operating position (or single pedal control) insert stud A in the forward hole of connecting strap B as illustrated in Fig. 1. With stud A in this position, the amount of clamp lift is controlled by loosening check nut C and turning adjusting nut D in or out as required,

Adjustment of the amount of clamp lift may necessitate a compensating adjustment of the thread slack kick pin H Fig. 2 in order to maintain the proper amount of thread take-off.

The automatic lifter actuating bracket E Fig. 1, controls the timing of the lowering of the clamp in relation to the first needle bar stroke, and the rising of the clamp on the final needle bar stroke. For proper timing, loosen two screws F Fig. 1 and swing bracket E so that its dropoff point is approximately on the centerline of the roller G as shown in Fig. 1A.

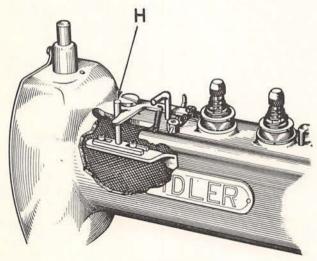
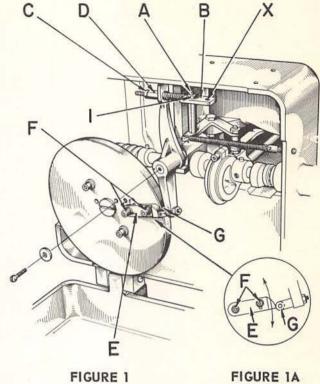


FIGURE 2

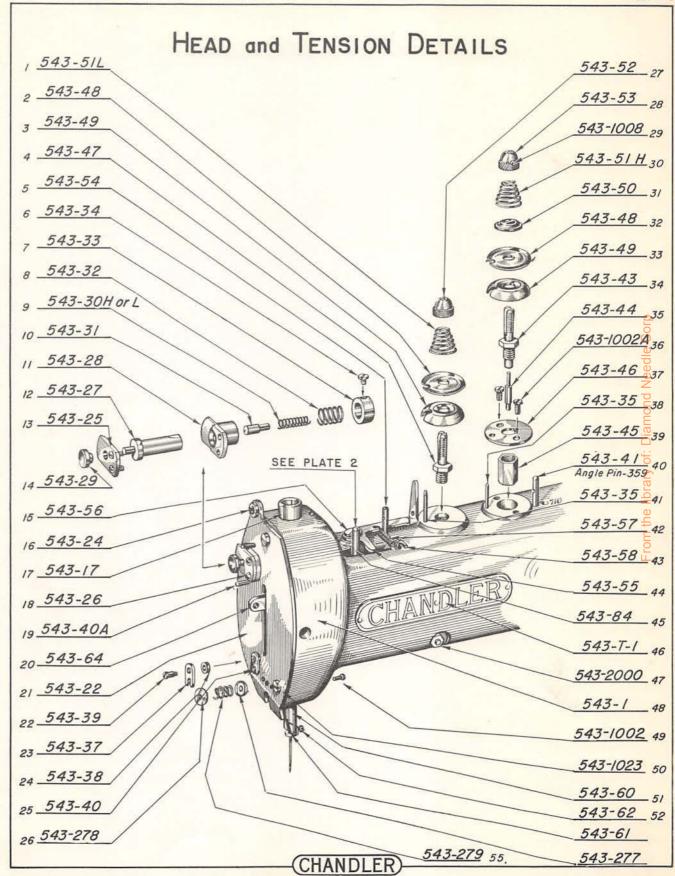


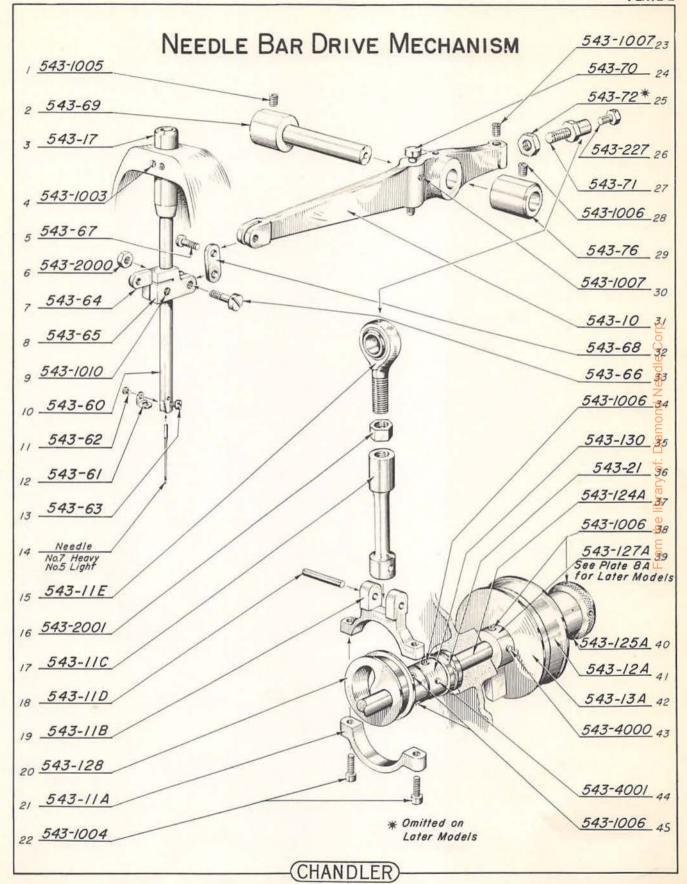
Manual Operation

To convert the machine from automatic to manual clamp lift (or two pedal control) remove nut I Fig. 1, lift connecting strap B and insert stud A in hole X. Replace nut I and tighten securely. The automatic function is now inoperative, since roller G no longer contacts bracket E.

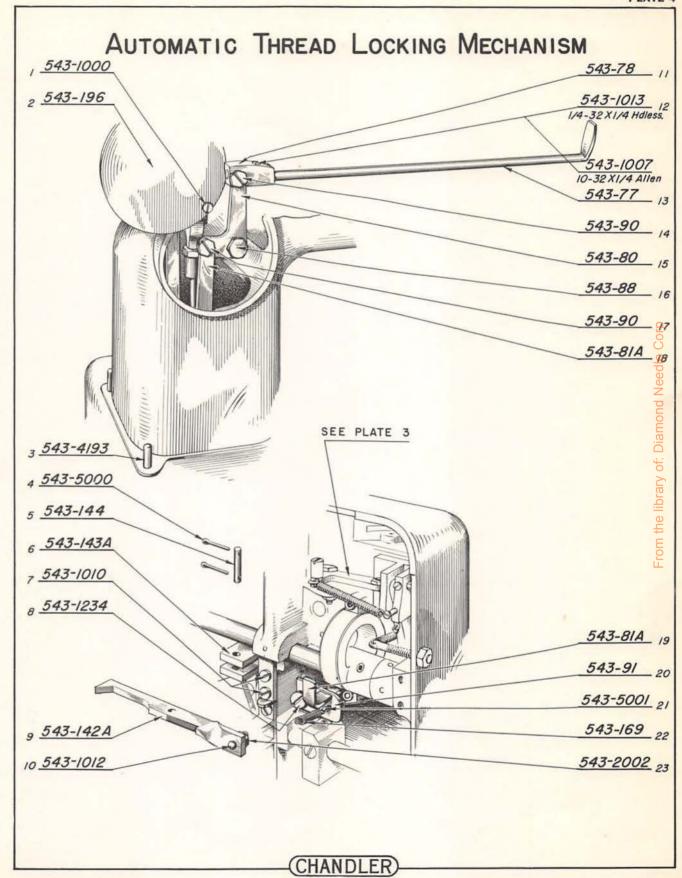
Adjustment for the amount of clamp lift is now made by means of the adjusting screw in the lifting bracket 543-213 located in the base of the machine (See parts plate 9).

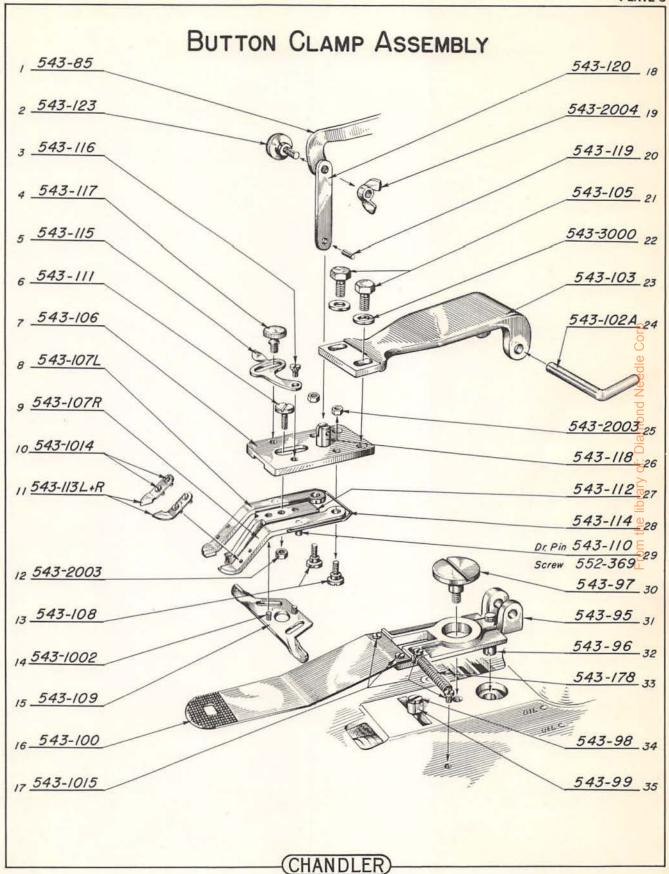
Either of the above adjustments may necessitate a compensating adjustment of the thread slack kick pin H Fig. 2 in order to maintain the proper amount of thread take-off.

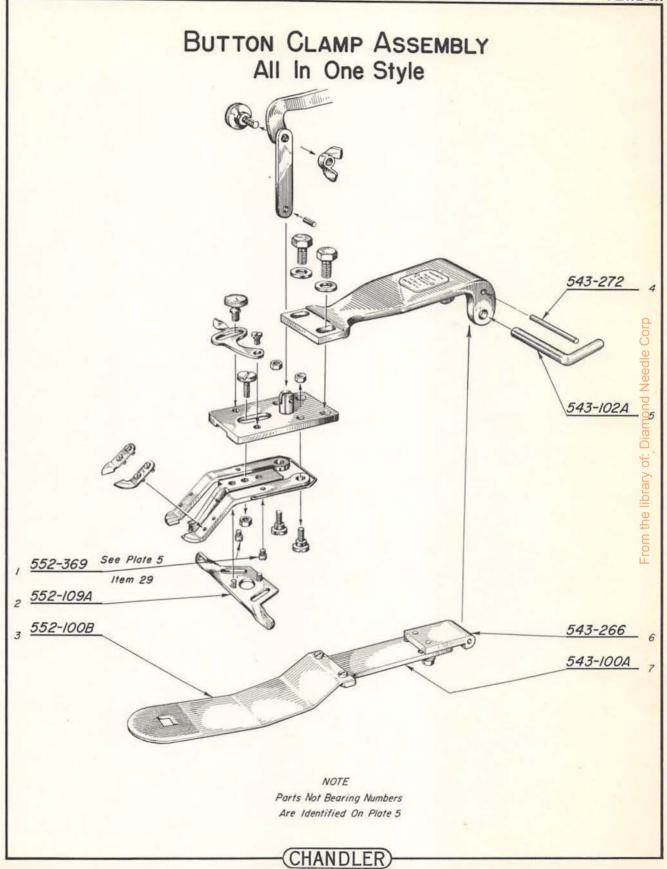


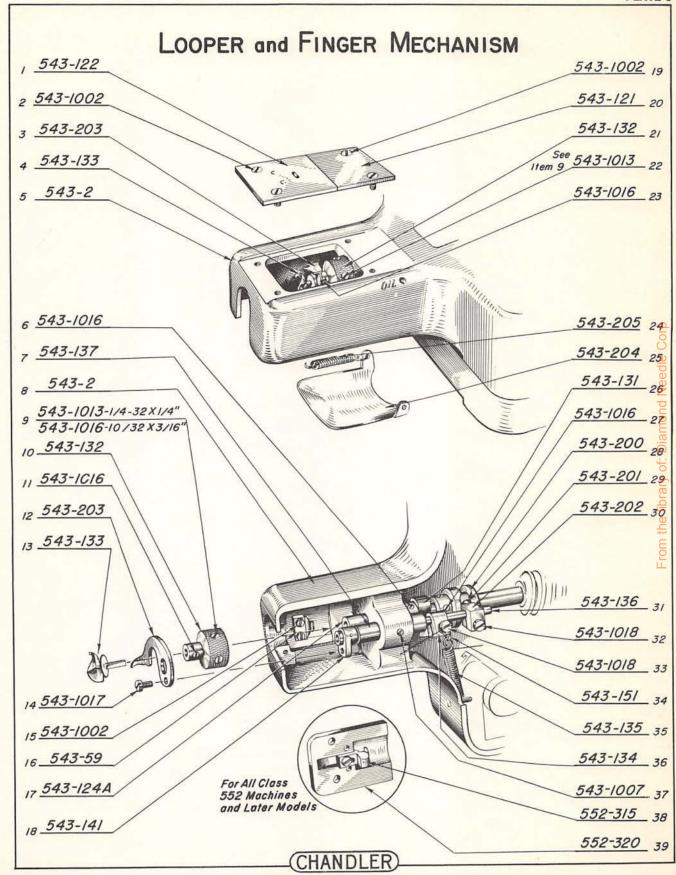


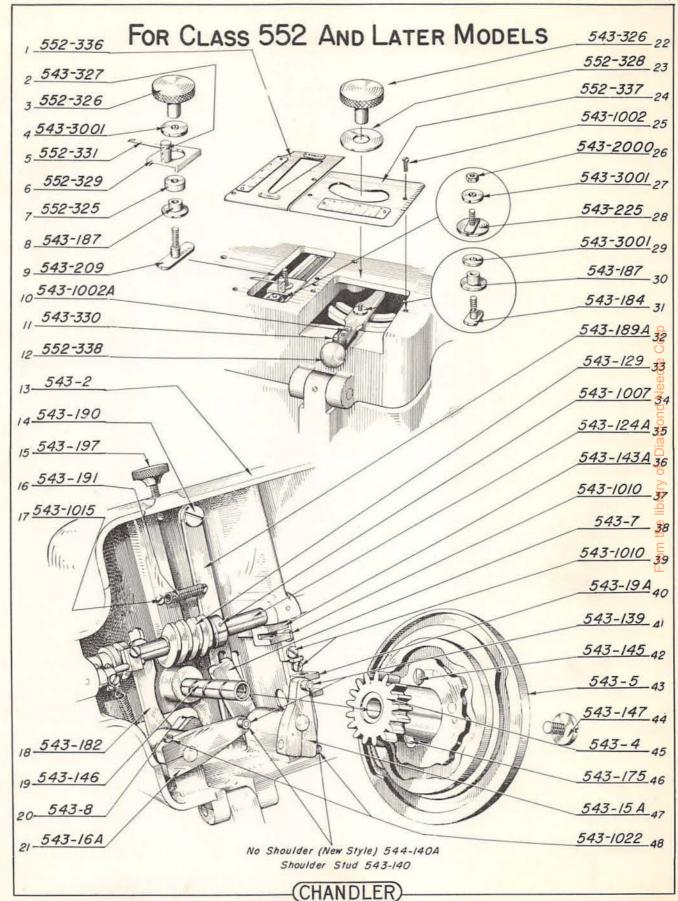
CLAMP LIFT and THREAD SLACK MECHANISM 543-90 19 1 _543-84 543-1000 20 2 543-1239 3 _543-83 4 543-82 543-196 21 543-90 22 5 _543-90 543-89A 23 6 _ 543-85 7 543-2000 8 543-86 9 543-87 10 543-88 11 _ 543-2 12 543-86 13 543-75 543-195 24 14 543-92A 543-194 25 543-18 26 15 543-2000 543-1001 27 16 543-220 17 543-224 18 543-89A CHANDLER

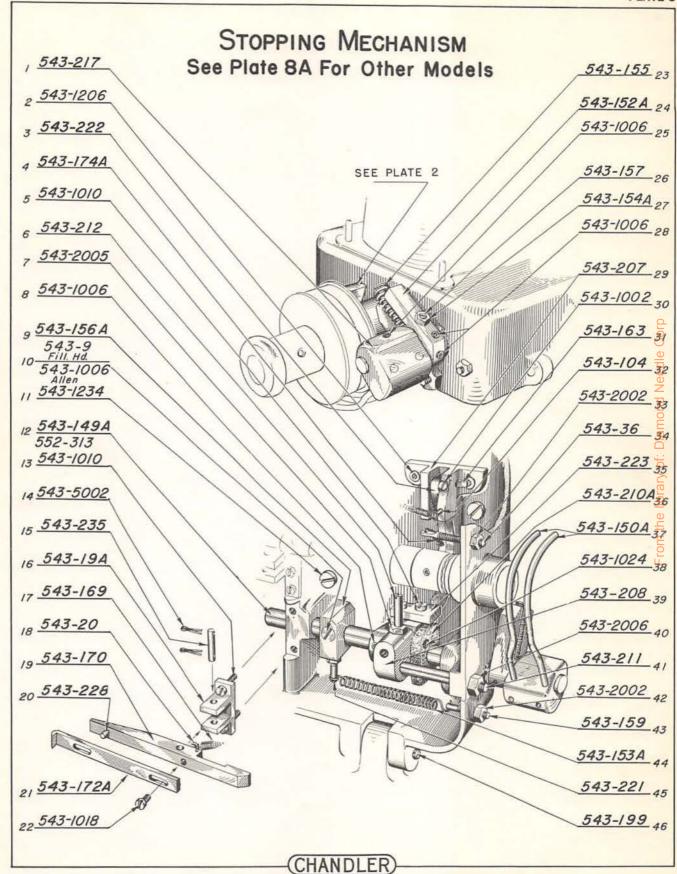






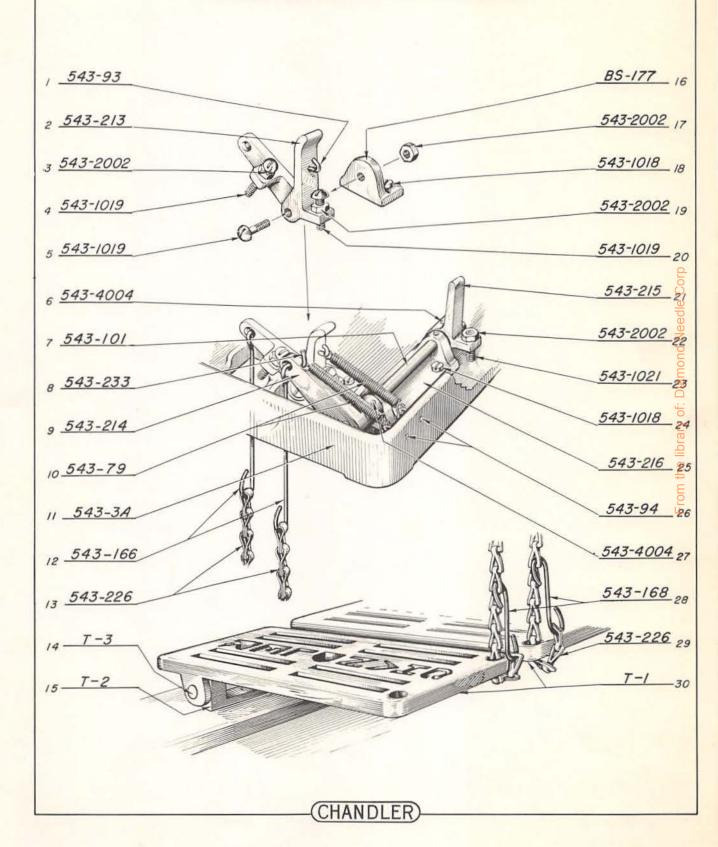






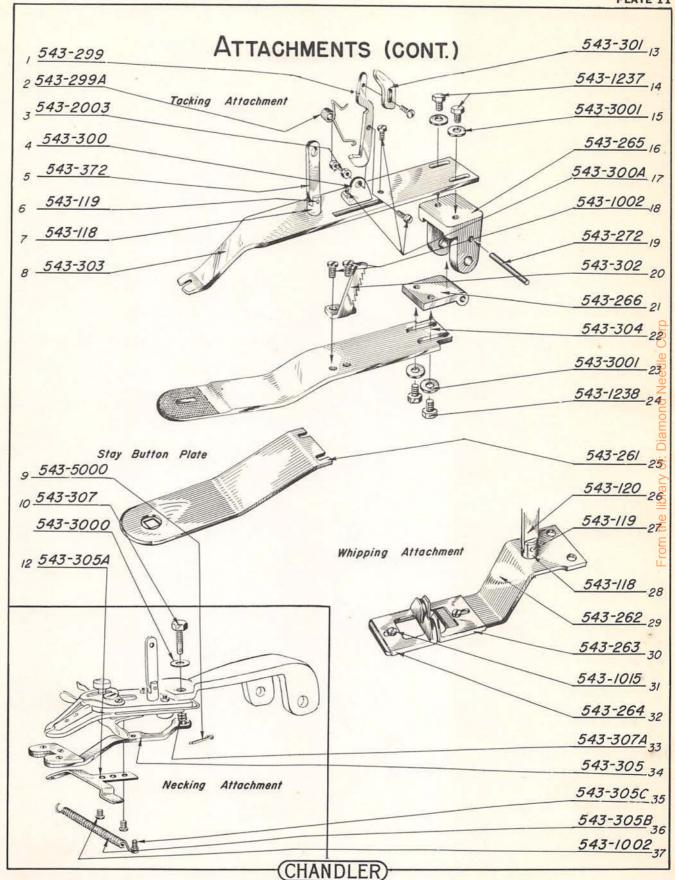
STOPPING MECHANISM FOR CLASS 552 MACH. 552-335 14 552-311 552-3002 15 2 552-310 552-309 16 552-155 3 552-339 543-4193 4 552-4000 552-308 18 5 552-1006 552-332 6 552-314 552-312 20 (0) 7 552-4000 8 543-1006 552-312XA21 552-316 22 9 552-3003 Pin and Screw for Driving Pulley 552-334 10 552-1004 11-552-318 552-94 Stud 10 12 552-1010 552-2003₂₅ 552-319 Stud 26 552-200027 13 552-317 552-210A 28 552-211A 29 552-313 30 552-208A 31 CHANDLER

TREADLES and TRIP LEVERS

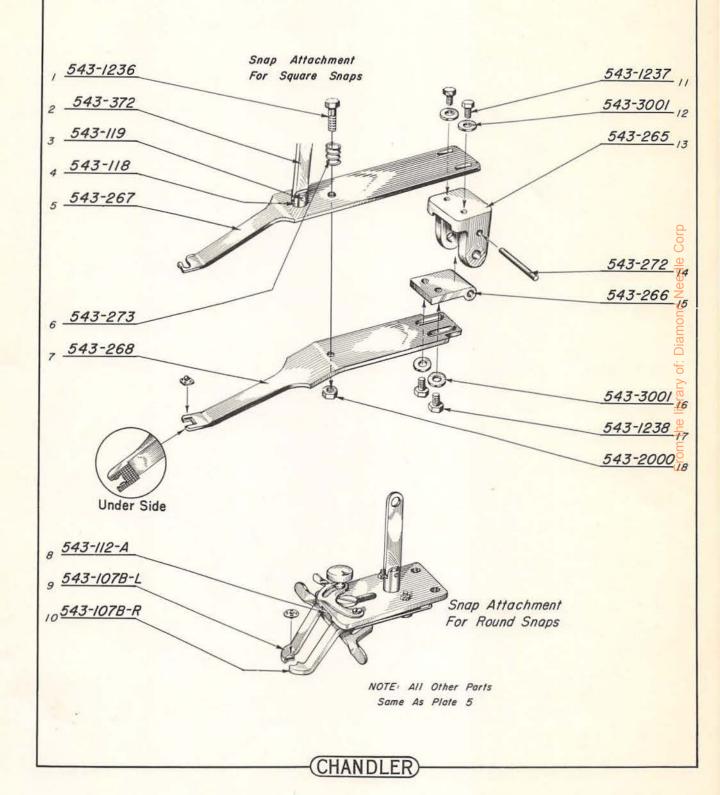


SHANK BUTTON ATTACHMENT 543-244 543-245 2 543-244A 543-250 20 543-249 3 543-243 4 543-246 543-252 22 543-2003 5 543-260 Cloth Support For Shank 6 543-2000 Button Attachment 543-274 24 543-256 25 7 543-238 543-105 26 8 543-236 543-257 9 543-258 543-3000 28 10 543-237 543-242 29 11 543-1002 12 543-259A 543-247 30 13 543-254A 543-200331 543-241 32 543-240 33 543-239 34 14 543-1002 543-251 35 15 543-255-A 543-254 36 543-255-D₃₇ 543-2745₃₈ 16 543-255 543-275₃₉ 17 543-255-B 0 543-276 40 WHEN ORDERING, LINE SIZE OF STAY BUTTON AND SHANK BUTTON MUST BE SPECIFIED IN ORDER TO SUPPLY PROPER CUP SIZE AND HEIGHT. 18 543-255-C (CHANDLER)

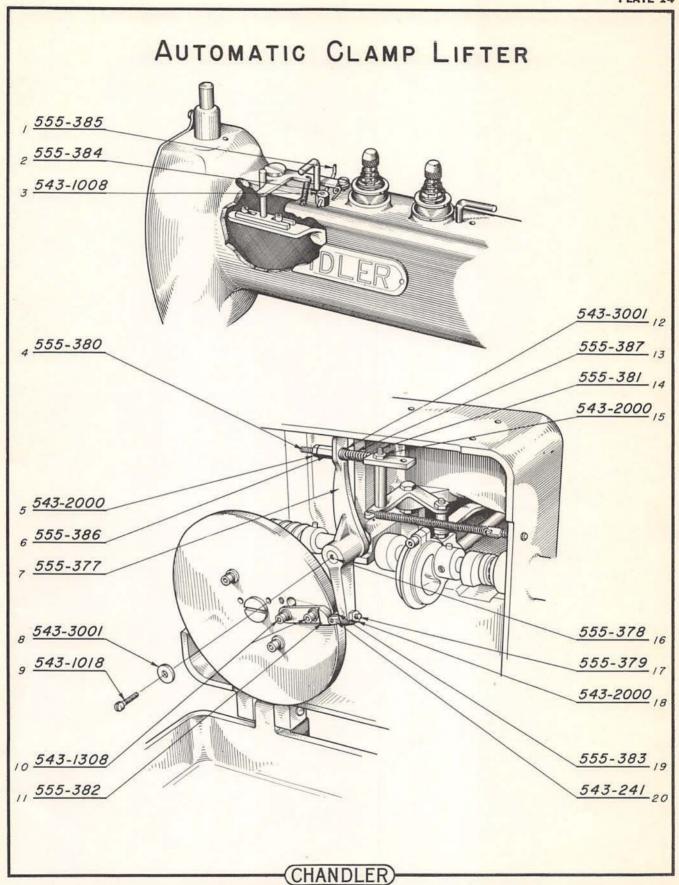
From the library of: Diamond Needle Corp

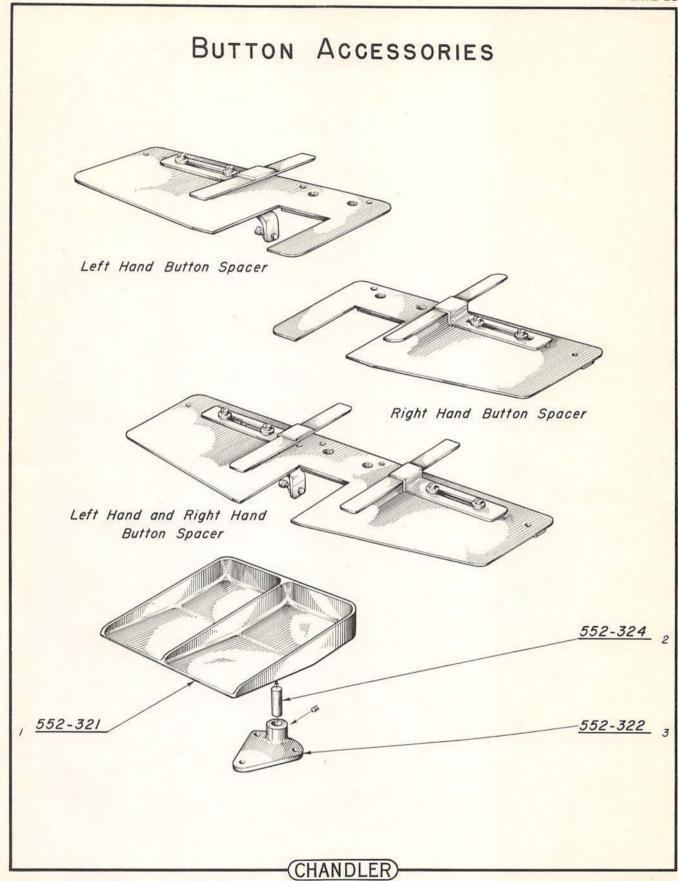


ATTACHMENTS (Cont.)



SHANK-MASTER ATTACHMENT 543-2000 543-271 543-1002 543-1002 543-299A 543-1237 543-300 552-348 543-3001 543-1237 552-342R 543-120A 552-365 552-340 552-342L 543-118 552-351 552-364 543-265 552-344 552-350 552-353 543-1014 543-272 552-349 543-8-32 552-343 543-301 552-346 552-347 543-300A 0 552-353 543-299 552-352 543-1002 552-366 543-1002 543-266 543-1002 543-302 552-345 552-341 543-1002 543-3001 CHANDLER)





RECOMMENDED NEEDLES

CLASS	NUMBER		SIZE			APPLICATION
175	x	3	#4			Very Light Work
175	x	3	#5			Light Work
175	×	3	#7			Medium Heavy
175 x		3	#8		Heavy	
		-LONG	SHANK	(For	Shank	Buttons)
175	×	7	#5			Medium
175	x	7	#7			Heavy

RECOMMENDED SPEEDS

Machine classes 543, 546 and 548 are not to be operated in excess of 1000 R.P.M. Model 552 and later models can be operated at speeds up to 1500 R.P.M.

LUBRICATION

Use a light textile oil for all moving parts.

Gears and cam races are lubricated with "Lubriplate" a special non-drying grease, which we can supply. This is the white grease that you see on all new machines.